Reflections on the MG Rover and West Midlands Regional Task Forces economic shocks



David Bailey (drawing heavily on work with others)

Shocks, resilience and regional industry policy: Brexit and the automotive sector in two Midlands regions

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Economic Shocks Research



A report to the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills





Plant closures and taskforce responses: an analysis of the impact of and policy response to MG Rover in Birmingham

David Bailey , Gill Bentley, Alex de Ruyter & Stephen Hall Pages 60-78 | Received 17 Jan 2014, Accepted 25 Feb 2014, Published online: 17 Apr 2014





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Policy Debates: Edited by Fiona Wishlade

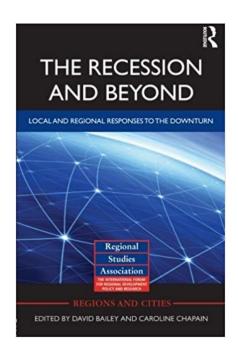
Regional Responses to Recession: The Role of the West Midlands Regional Taskforce

David Bailey **■** & Nigel Berkeley

Pages 1797-1812 | Received 14 Feb 2012, Accepted 07 Jan 2014, Published online: 14 Apr 2014

≦ Download citation
■ https://doi.org/10.1080/00343404.2014.893056

Check for updates



BIS Research report on dealing with shocks (2013) can be found here:

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/206956/bis-13-856-economic-shocks-research.pdf

Some of our work on response to **MG Rover** here:

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/21681376.
2014.899477

Work on the **West Mids Regional Task Force** here:

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/pdf/10.1080/00343404 .2014.893056

Our work on Brexit impact on West Mids' Supply Chains:

https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/00343404.

2022.2071421?src=

Issues covered 1

Types of shocks considered

- Business closures/rationalisations
- 'Natural disasters', e.g. flooding, foot and mouth disease
- Other events such as social unrest, strikes, & disasters

Causes of business closures/rationalisations

- Over-capacity in production/reduced demand, e.g. automotive, steel, defence
- Cheaper foreign competition, e.g. ceramics & other manufactures
- Drive to cut costs/improve efficiencies, e.g. automotive manufacturing
- Changing business models & rationalisation, e.g. pharma
- Over-ambitious growth, e.g. retail
- Changing consumer preferences, e.g all

Issues covered 2

Effects/potential effects occurring:

- Business administration, rationalisation, takeover, closure
 - Sometimes temporary (e.g. in event of disasters)
- Supply chain sector-specific &/or supporting services
- People jobs, loss of skills
- Place community, sites/premises, offer, economic impact

Responses considered & how to:

- Save the business/facility/plant, elsewise mitigate
- Support supply chains
- Assist people affected
- Contribute to regenerating a place

Issues covered 3

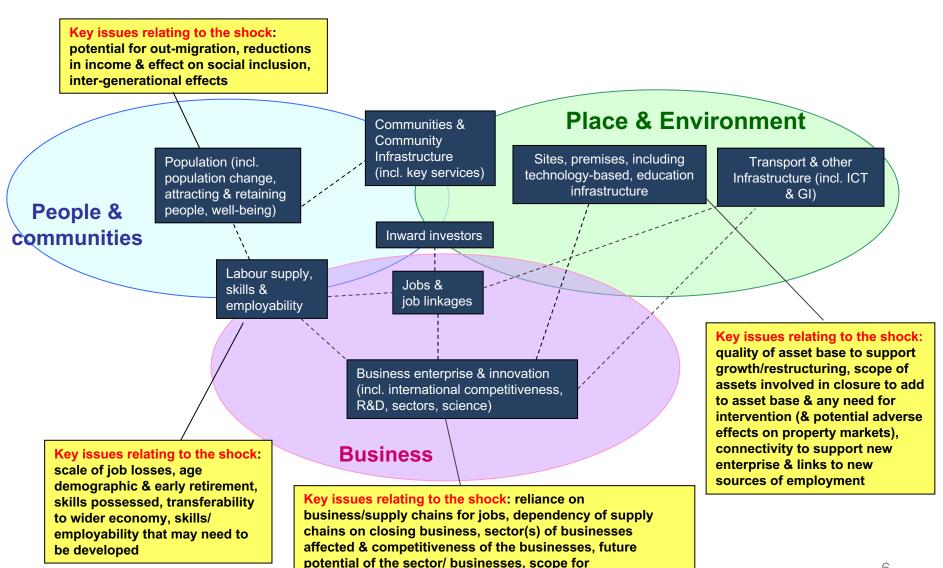
Responses can be considered in terms of:

- Rationales & actions (response *functions*)
- Models/structures (response forms)
 - Roles of business, layers of government, social/ community representatives
 - Partnership structures . . . & subsidiarity
 - Task Forces, Action Teams, new long-term entities & others

Time dimension to shocks

- Foreseen vs. surprising
 - The different mitigating actions?
- Slow-burn vs. immediate closure/event
- Short- & longer-term responses actions-wise (or not!)

Model of economic impact?



diversification, wider business dynamism/growth potential

Some of the cases reviewed:

- MG Rover
- WM Regional Task Force (WMRTF)

Response to MG Rover

Background

- Final closure in 2005. 6,300 jobs lost at MG Rover & Powertrain, c3,000 in supply chain. £1.4bn owing to creditors. Previous threat of closure in 2000.
- Long run competitive decline of firm. Frequent changes of ownership, MGR the rump of previous firms. MGR offloaded by BMW in 2000, lacked ability/resources to develop new models, losing market share, ran out of cash. Exchange rate over-valuation impact.

Response actions

- BUSINESS: Pre-closure: diversification & modernisation programme for supply chain. Post-closure: Advantage Transition Fund; HMRC tax holidays; BCC rate relief; Wage Replacement Scheme (3000 workers 3 months); supplier diversification fund.
- PEOPLE: tailored support for workers: support finding work; re-training.
- PLACE: pre-closure: AWM took part of site
 → technology part (corridor); St Modwens regeneration of site. BCC tried to plug gaps re counselling, debt advice & social support.

Response structures

- Task Force Model brought key actors to the table (LSC, JCP, colleges, BCC, Accelerate/MAS, HMRC...).
- Accelerate/MAS had already mapped supply chain. Postcodes of workers mapped so impact known.
- Used previous RTF planning: 1. intelligence;
 2. response ready to go when closure hit; 3. impact minimised by longer-term diversification efforts. Fitted wider regional strategy (diversification, modernisation, spatial corridors, clusters policy).

Implications & learning from MG Rover 1

- Advance intelligence / warning & preparation critical (organisational capacity to gather & interpret intelligence)
- Partnership of key players with division of tasks:
 - Ability to deliver interventions
 - Regional coordination / strategic oversight encourage other agencies to vire funds / steer actions
 - Organisational learning (e.g. LSC, AWM, HMRC, MAS)...
 - Acted very quickly: helped firms & workers
- More Business & People focused than Place based, though some of Place response part of wider AWM strategy
- Communication with workers could have been better
- Community engagement perhaps an afterthought
- Success re training & employment (until 08/9 downturn)

Implications & learning from MG Rover 2

- MG Rover experience → LDV → Regional Task Forces → MAS response to 2011 supply chain disruption re Japan
- Relevance today?:
 - intelligence gathering
 - coordination across geographical areas
 - flexibility of funding streams (e.g. ESF) & rules less flexible now?
 - learning that has taken place was 'mainstreamed' BUT...
 - 'permanent capacity' ?
- 'Place' dimension of response, especially in relation to communities, less well developed
- Comparison with Mitsubishi Adelaide closure: little pre-closure effort; fell back on comparative advantage model rather than competitive advantage; less targeted/flexible support to workers; business interventions not local enough

WM Regional Task Force (Global Financial Crisis)

Business

- Advantage Transition Bridge fund
- Enterprise Finance Guarantee Scheme
- Accelerate programme
- MAS Automotive Response Programme (ARP)
- Construction Action Plan
- Credit Crunch hotline / Business Link Healthcheck
- Gateway to Global Growth

People

- LSC pre-redundancy activity
- Train to Gain uptake
- LEP starts

Community

- Kickstart
- Business, Individuals & the Community
- Supportwm.co.uk

WMRTF MAS / Accelerate Automotive Response Programme

Spend of £4.5 million:

2930 jobs safeguarded

410 jobs created

3340 jobs s/c = cost per job safeguarded / created of £1350

- Sales Safeguarded: £53 million / Sales Created: £36 million
- "Overall, this was a rapid and cost effective intervention which prevented a further hollowing out of jobs and capacity in the automotive sector"

WM-RTF Lessons...

- Significantly more resources would have helped in several areas, e.g. the Advantage Transition Bridge Fund.
- 'Off-the-Shelf' packages could be made available in the future
- More regional flexibility would have been helpful in the circumstances.
- Need to maintain much improved data and intelligence base
- Need to retain institutional 'memory' and lessons so that a future body can 'hit the ground running'.
- Key actions of the Task force 'mainstreamed' BUT there remains the need to 'join it up'.
- Role of the Regional Minister: pivotal communication role (?)

Diagnosis of the shock – intelligence

Domain & issues	Assessment
 Business Extent of forewarning & influence over decision Causes of the shock & implications for business's future National significance, e.g. security, sector, skills, technologies Other issues, e.g. is there a need for disaster recovery 	Is there any case for assisting the business?
 Supply chains Extent of reliance on direct business, i.e. % of revenue Extent of forewarning & existing mitigating actions Business opportunities going forward & businesses' viability Barriers to taking advantage of opportunities 	How critical is the shock to supply chains?
 People Scale of jobs affected in business & supply chains Nature of skills - levels, specificity, transferability, 'mothball-ability' Geography of workers – culture, residence, mobility Wider issues: age, gender, pay, duration of employment 	Will people be able to find alternative positive destinations?
 Place 'Location quotient' of 'activity' affected Land/property assets & issues, e.g. contamination legacies Economic context – SWOT, job creation 	How far can the place 'self-heal'?

Range of options to consider

1st tier business

Grant, loan, state ownership, other incentives (e.g. around training, R&D)

Supply chain/wider businesses

- Support, e.g. diversification, modernisation/productivity, innovation & technology (HOW?)
- Financial assistance, e.g. loans, grants, wage support
- Financial relief, e.g. tax relief, business rates holidays

People

- Bespoke support, e.g. taster sessions, (re-)training/top-up courses, selfemployment/start-up support (e.g. as part of business support below)
- Coordination with other employers recruiting
- Incentives, e.g. employment subsidies

Place

- Incentives, e.g. tax relief, Enterprise Zone
- Business creation/growth & job creation, e.g. loans/grants, support schemes
- Asset development, e.g. remediation, investment in infrastructure including technology assets, grants for property development
- Wider local strategy & actions

West Mids Supply Chains: Actions to think about today? (Brexit, EV transition...)

- Training/retraining for workers
- Diversification support
- Temporary wage subsidies
- Loan fund, loan guarantee fund (auto?)
- MAS II, AMSCI
- Tooling up support
- Tax/rate holidays
- Enterprise Zone/Freeport?
- BUT: where funding from?
- FORM: Coordination? Via WMCA/WMGC Task Force? Led by Mayor?
- Broader industrial strategy issues (eg re auto industry)

- Thanks for listening!
- Comments and questions welcome.

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